

http://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/

Edwards's botanical register.

London: James Ridgway, 1829-1847. http://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/bibliography/383

v. 18 (1832): http://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/29121

Page(s): Title Page, Text, Page 1534, Text

Contributed by: Mertz Library, The New York Botanical Garden Sponsored by: The LuEsther T Mertz Library, the New York Botanical Garden

Generated 18 February 2014 6:33 PM http://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/pdf4/024596400029121

EDWARDS'S

BOTANICAL REGISTER:

OR,

ORNAMENTAL FLOWER-GARDEN

AND SHRUBBERY:

NEW YORK BOTANICAL MARDEN

CONSISTING OF

COLOURED FIGURES OF PLANTS AND SHRUBS,

CULTIVATED IN BRITISH GARDENS;

ACCOMPANIED BY THEIR

Pistory, Best Method of Treatment in Cultivation, Propagation, &c.

CONTINUED

By JOHN LINDLEY, F.R.S. L.S. AND G.S.

PROFESSOR OF BOTANY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON, &c. &c. &c.

VOL. XVIII.

—viret semper — nec fronde caducâ Carpitur.

LONDON:

JAMES RIDGWAY, 169, PICCADILLY.

CONSERVATOIRE BOTANIQUE

VILLE de GENÈVE

MOSTELLA STATE LA STA



M. Hart del.

Patr by J. Ridgerry 169 Fixadilly Oct . 1.1832.

L. Wats sc.

CYPRIPÉDIUM* macránthos.

Large-flowered Lady's Slipper.

GYNANDRIA DIANDRIA.

Nat. ord. Orchide Juss. § Cypripedieæ Lindl. (Introduction to the natural system of Botany, p. 262.)

CYPRIPEDIUM.—Suprà, vol. 10. fol. 788.

C. macranthos; lobo styli cordato-acuminato subsessili, labello petalis longiore, ore contracto crenato.—Swartz act. holm. 1800, p. 251.
Calceolus petalis nectario æqualibus aut minoribus. Gmel. sib. 1. p. 2. t. 1. f. γ.
Calceolus purpureus speciosus. Amman. ruth. p. 132. n. 176. t. 21.
C. macranthos. Willd. sp. pl. 4. 145. Hooker in bot. mag. t. 2938.

Roots of this fine species have been frequently sent to England by Dr. Fischer and other Russian Botanists, but they rarely have produced their blossoms, or even maintained a feeble existence. Those from which our drawing was made grew under a north wall, in a peat border, in the Garden of the Horticultural Society, where they flowered in May 1829: they had been presented by John Prescott, Esq., but have now disappeared.

In its native country it inhabits the northern parts of Asia as far as 58° north latitude, especially plains over which birch-trees are thinly scattered: it also occurs in rather dense birch-woods. Gmelin found it in all Siberia; Ammann met with it blossoming beautifully in June in a birch-wood on the eastern bank of the Irtisch, above the Tartar village of Tebendrinsk; we have been favoured by Dr. Fischer with specimens gathered in the Altai, and as far eastward as Dahuria, and with others from as much to

^{*} Literally Venus's slipper, from Cypris, one of her names, and πόδιον. It is thought to have been the Cosmosandalum of some Greek writers.

the west as the village of Krasnoi-rog, in the government of Chernigow, in the Ucrain.

From this fine species, Swartz, and, following him, Willdenow, have distinguished a plant which they call C. ventricosum, but which Gmelin does not consider more than a variety. Of C. ventricosum we possess a specimen from the Herbarium of Stephan, with no locality assigned to it, but with a ticket marked "C. grandiflorum \beta, var. Lin. Sp. Pl. ed. Willd. Gen. 1613, spec. 7. 8;" whence it appears that this Botanist considered the two supposed species as varieties of one. In this he possibly was correct; for it must be confessed, that the differences which exist between them are not of a very decided nature. The principal separating characters appear to us to consist in C. ventricosum having a rather larger flower, with very acuminate sepals and petals, being generally 2-flowered, and having the petals nearly twice as long as the lower double sepal. The first of these distinctions, namely, in the size of the flowers, is probably of no moment; for our Ucrain C. macranthos is nearly as large as C. ventricosum; the others may perhaps be of greater value.

HE WAS THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

THE PARTY ACTION OF THE PARTY AND A STREET O

J. L.